## 1. SITUATION.

- a. Enemy Forces. ANNEX B, Intelligence.
- b. Friendly Forces. (See basic plan).
- c. Assumptions. (See basic plan).
- (1) During initial mobilization stages, additional Military Police (MP) support is not available.
- (2) FORSCOM MP units on TRADOC installations (Forts Benning, Bliss, Lee, Leonard Wood, and McClellan) deploy early to meet contingency force requirements.
- 2. MISSION. TRADOC conducts law enforcement, corrections and confinement operations, and security operations within Area of Responsibility (AOR) to maintain law, order, and discipline to support approved contingencies, operations, and all levels of mobilization.

# 3. EXECUTION.

- a. Concept of Operation.
- (1) Installation Provost Marshals identify additional law enforcement units and/or personnel required to support an operation, contingency, and any level of mobilization.
- (2) HQDA directs mobilization of Reserve Component (RC) military police units, Individual Ready Reserve (IRR), and Individual Mobilization Augmentee (IMA) personnel. TRADOC installations send requests for RC unit, IRR, or IMA augmentation, with justification, to HQ TRADOC, ATTN: ATCS-EQC.
- (3) FORSCOM may direct Active Component (AC) military police units to provide support to other installations requiring law enforcement augmentation. TRADOC installations inform HQ TRADOC, ATTN: ATCS-EOC, when AC MP units located on TRADOC installations are directed to provide such support.
- $\,$  (4) Restrict entry to all or part of an installation (within resource abilities) when directed by the installation commander or HQ TRADOC.
- (5) Installation commanders determine facilities requiring additional protection.

- (6) Additional confinement requirements and capabilities to satisfy that requirement are established in relation to the operation or level of mobilization supported. Installations (Fort Sill, Fort Knox, and USDB) provide expanded confinement capacity as directed by HQ TRADOC. (USDB will only be able to house approximately 600 inmates when the new facility is constructed).
- (7) Installation commanders implement physical security programs IAW applicable regulations and directives.
- (8) Installation commanders are prepared to counter acts of terrorism, sabotage, and civil unrest directed against the installation and/or facilities.

### b. Tasks.

- (1) TRADOC Provost Marshal.
- (a) Staff Emergency Operations Center as directed.
- (b) Plan for and expand corrections and confinement capabilities as directed by HQDA.
- (c) Provide guidance and assistance to installation Provost Marshals to identify and obtain additional personnel resources required to accomplish missions.
  - (2) Installation Provost Marshals.
- (a) Analyze the installation mobilization mission, identify new law enforcement requirements, develop a plan for expanding law enforcement, corrections and confinement operations, and physical security services.
- (b) Identify critical facilities, establish priorities for protection, and institute necessary access controls.
- (c) Focus investigative efforts on those crimes that adversely impact Army, TRADOC, and individual readiness.
- (d) Implement contingency plans to counter acts of terrorism, sabotage, and civil unrest directed against installations and facilities.
- (e) Prepare to restrict entry to military installations.

- (f) Coordinate and provide traffic control for the uninterrupted movement of vehicles, personnel, and cargo.
- (g) Crime Prevention is a commander's program. Assist installation commander with proactive crime prevention activities to minimize impact on critical operational or mobilization missions.
- (h) Provide adequate protection for supplies and facilities necessary for combat readiness. Emphasize protection and inspection of supplies in preparation for shipment. Security of ports and staging areas is required. Provide a "safe haven" for overnight security of convoys moving through the installation area of responsibility. Convoy commanders provide their own guards and periodic checks by routine patrols.
- c. Coordinating Instructions.
- (1) TRADOC Provost Marshal coordinates with U.S. Army Forces Command (FORSCOM), U.S. Army Materiel Command (AMC), Military Traffic Management Command (MTMC), and U.S. Army Health Services Command (HSC) concerning law enforcement, corrections and confinement operations, and security operations mission guidance and information dissemination.
- (2) TRADOC Provost Marshal coordinates with the TRADOC Operations Directorate and Deputy Chief of Staff for Intelligence Directorate (DCSINT) to provide guidance and assistance to installation Provost Marshals on current terrorist threat.
- (3) Installation Provost Marshals coordinate with local, state, and federal law enforcement agencies to provide area of responsibility law enforcement, corrections and confinement operations, and security services.
- (4) Coordinate with supporting USACIDC detachment commanders to plan for increasing resources to support operations, contingencies and all levels of mobilization.
- 4. ADMINISTRATION AND LOGISTICS. (See basic plan).
- 5. COMMAND AND SIGNAL. (See basic plan).

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